

THE SEA COAST ECHO.

C. G. Moreau, Editor and Publisher.
Official Journal of the Board of Supervisors, Hancock County, Miss.
Official Journal of Board of Mayor and Aldermen, City of Bay St. Louis.

SERVICE.

If you start out in life with the sole idea of making money, you will fail. But if you make up your mind to give better service to the world than anybody else is giving, you will succeed. You can't help it.—E. J. Sweeney.

NINETEEN MILLION DOLLARS APPROPRIATION.

Within the next few months Mississippi Legislature will again convene in regular biennial convention. A newly-elected Legislature will assume office. The last one was frequently alluded to as one of low pressure, close, niggardly. But from the records that Legislature appropriated over nineteen million dollars. There seems to be a disposition to be piling it up higher on the back of the over-burdened taxpayer. The time to call a halt has long passed. But appropriations continue and the burden grows. And these appropriations do not include the various bond issues Mississippi as a State has put over during the past two and four years respectively, the life term of the Legislature.

It is hoped the coming session will be composed of men who will display safe and sound business ability taking care of the economic questions that arise and liberally of the institutions and to other needs of the State. There must be a safeguard against these fellows running wild with a bill for this and a bill for that, calling for millions as total in whole for establishing and maintenance. The situation has become serious. At all hazards the taxpayer must be protected.

A FIRM WORTHY OF CONFIDENCE AND PATRONAGE.

Bay St. Louis taxpayers and the citizens generally are justly proud of the completion of the magnificent steel and concrete sea wall which skirts and protects the entire front of the city from further erosion by the destructive elements of the equinoctial periods. With no view of disparaging the other towns of this coast section on the Mississippi Sound, Bay St. Louis is the only city thus permanently protected, and from one end of the incorporated confines to the other. Considering the necessary preliminary attention, cost, etc., this is quite an accomplishment, and its value in dollars and cents for future as well as present generation cannot be computed. In fact, it cannot be overrated.

Of course there is a host of shreds of credit for those who made it possible, the city administration, and the people as well who voted for the bond issue necessary and those who now and who will in future pay the bill, but the firm of civil engineers, Messrs. Shaw & Woleben, of Gulfport, must not be omitted in serving out praise. This firm, represented by Mr. Shaw, who for the most part of the time was on the job, worked out the many local problems which such task confronts one with, smoothed and met all technical obstructions; planned and executed their part of the job in a manner that was eminently satisfactory. These gentlemen met every situation satisfactorily. Their dealings were fair and square—absolutely above reproach. Their service was 100 per cent and their charges of the minimum, commensurate with services of such high class. Their work for and their dealings with the Board of Bond Commissioners and the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Bay St. Louis have been of such character as to stamp Shaw & Woleben, of Gulfport, as one worthy of confidence and patronage.

SNARLING AT THE PRESS.

Legislatures in numerous States have for some years past considered from time to time bills censoring the press of the country, and we presume that the coming session will see the usual number of them offered. So it might be well for the newspapers of this country to join hands in enlightening our law-makers on a decision recently handed down by the Supreme Court of Illinois. It came when the city of Chicago brought a foolish suit for libel against the Chicago Tribune, asking a million dollars because the paper had seen fit to criticize the city administration for laxness. The Supreme Court said in these words—and we wish every lawmaker in the land could read and remember them: "The people have a fundamental right to criticize their magistrates, who are the servants of the people." And the newspapers are assuredly representatives of the people. That ought to settle the matter. The law is on the side of the press.

OUR BIG HEART AND JAPAN.

If any man has ever had occasion to feel that this government hasn't a heart, then he has excellent reasons for changing that opinion as a result of the recent terrible earthquake and tidal wave in Japan, where many thousands lost their lives and hundreds of thousands were rendered homeless.

All forms of communication with the stricken section were temporarily destroyed, but news of the calamity sifted through, and the United States was among the first to get it. Like-wise she was the very first to render substantial assistance. She didn't stop to waste time on foolish messages of sympathy—she shot a cable message through to the commander of her warships at Manila, the nearest point to Tokyo, to load all available food supplies and rush them to the sufferers. She sent out an appeal through the American Red Cross for \$5,000,000, and more than a million dollars of it was freely given the first day. One big eastern concern donated 16,000 pairs of women's and children's shoes; New York silk importers pledged \$500,000; the City Council of Detroit cabled \$50,000; Cleveland sent a check for \$125,000, and Dayton, O., once almost swept away by flood, remembered how it feels to suffer, and sent \$30,000.

Other cities and hundreds of towns appointed committees to solicit a relief fund to be used in purchasing clothing, food and medicines for the sufferers. It showed plainly that the United States not only has a heart, but that it beats for all. And, while we didn't have it in mind at the time, nothing could do more to stave off any trouble that many believe would sooner or later have arisen between this country and Japan.

LIVING EX-GOVERNORS OF MISSISSIPPI.

It is doubtful if any State in the Union has as many living ex-governors as Mississippi. At the expiration of Governor Lee M. Russell's term on January 22, 1924, when he will be succeeded by Henry L. Whitfield, Mississippi will have seven living ex-governors. A writer in the State press, Frank R. Birdsall, says these are: Adelbert Ames, who is still living, and resides in Massachusetts. He was the carpet-bag governor of Mississippi, being elected in 1873, to that office, and resigned to escape impeachment proceedings after the tidal wave of democracy in 1875, at the legislative session of 1876. The other living governors of Mississippi are: A. H. Longino and James K. Vardaman, of Jackson; E. R. Noel, of Lexington, Holmes county; Earl Brewer, of Clarksdale, Coahoma county; Theodore G. Bilbo, of Poplarville, Pearl River county; and the seventh ex-governor will be Governor Russell, when he goes out in January, of Oxford, Lafayette county. Of the living governors since Ames, all are native Mississippians except Vardaman, who was born in Texas.

It is well for the school children, and the older people, too, to review the above and retain the information to be garnered therefrom.

THE COAL STRIKE.

As this is being written it looks as though the threatened coal strike is not to occur. But there is still a chance for trouble in the anthracite fields, in which event other kinds of coal will naturally advance, since those accustomed to burning anthracite would become purchasers of the other. It seems that, as hard as we try, we have to suffer from a coal strike each season. It wouldn't appear natural any more for the country to go a whole year without one. And yet Congress and State Legislatures, with all the power they possess, do not appear able to prevent coal strikes. At any rate, strike or no strike, the citizen who depends upon this kind of fuel will wisely lay in a supply now, instead of taking chances. We're pretty well along in the year, and it's better to be protected. Especially is this true when it doesn't cost any more, and maybe not as much, as it will cost if you postpone it a while longer.

A DIRE PREDICTION.

We read in the daily papers that a London man who has made a study of the human anatomy declares if women keep on wearing high-heeled shoes they'll find themselves eventually with only one toe. He says with the high heels now worn three toes are all that is necessary for walking, and that later on nature will reduce this number to two, and then one. All of which is interesting, but hardly true. Chinese girl babies have had their feet bound for years, and yet those now being born do not have any smaller feet than the infants of other races. Tails of certain breeds of dogs have been cut off for many generations, but each new generation of this type of dog brings the same quantity of tail. Nature may make many changes, but in the case of the one-toed woman of the future she is going to be so long in bringing about a change that we wouldn't start worrying about it until she starts worrying about it.

TO BRIDGE BILOXI BAY.

A strong sentiment is being crystallized for the immediate building of a bridge over the water separating Biloxi and Ocean Springs, as part of the Old Spanish Trail. A current issue of the Biloxi Herald carries an editorial to that effect and organized commercial bodies of that locality will take up the matter for official agitation. Senator Pat Harrison and others will be appealed to, since the government is to help finance part of the project under heading of military highway. It appears the government has already sanctioned the move. But like all else where the government is concerned and large sums of money are to be spent, haste must be made slowly, and this instance does not seem to be the exception. However, Biloxi is getting restless in the premises and something must and will be done at no distant date. Developments will be watched with interest.

SEEKS INFORMATION.

The State Plant Board of Mississippi has sent out a news letter about the ravages of the peach borer upon peach trees. The letter states that thousands of peach trees dying in Mississippi from "the ravages of the peach borer" can almost be completely saved by using paradichlorobenzene (gemynychristmas—Ed.) The same word is mentioned four times in the letter, and we venture the assertion that the average layman won't be able to see the other three when he recovers from the first lick. Will the inspector tell us, for we are ignorant, whether he means paragon or gasoline?—Starkville News.

MISSISSIPPI HEALTHIEST STATE IN THE UNION.

After all is said and done in this world health is the most vital thing to all human beings, except the destiny of the soul. Health then to a community is a big asset. Mississippi is favored in this way as is no other State in the Union, according to reliable statistics compiled by the Blue Book of Southern Progress. The tabulation shows the death rate of the white population of Mississippi to be 8.6, the lowest in the States which compile death rates according to Census Bureau standards. The death rate among the negroes is 13.5 per thousand, the lowest of the States. "Mississippi, the Healthiest State," would be a wonderful advertising slogan.

It is time for Mississippi to begin to tell about the good things the State has; its advantages, its climate, its soil and its natural resources. All these years the State has gotten along under the flood-story publicity, rotten politics, boll weevil and other disasters. And Mississippians have been largely responsible for these things. They haven't taken the trouble to find out about the good things of the State.

Let's tell the story of Mississippi's advantages, until the whole world knows about them. The fact that Mississippi is the healthiest State among the States which represent a total of 82.2 per cent of the nation's population, and which compile death rates according to the Census standards, is a wonderful asset. Let's tell the good things about Mississippi. The bad things will get enough boasting anyway. Let's tell the good things about Mississippi so often that gradually those that are not good will be eliminated.—Exchange.

LOCAL PROGRESS.

Announcement has been made by Davis C. Skinner, manager of the Gulf Cities Gas Company, operating in Biloxi, Gulfport and Pass Christian, Miss., of the consolidation of his company with the Southwestern Gas and Electric Company. The Mississippi organization will be known as the Gulf Cities Division of the Southwestern Gas and Electric Company. The Southwestern Gas and Electric Company now serves approximately 200,000 people in Shreveport, La., Texarkana, Ark., Beaumont, Texas, and the Mississippi cities. Cumberland Spending in Mississippi. Three quarters of a million dollars will be spent by the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company in Mississippi in 1923, according to W. A. Deale, Mississippi manager. A net gain of 1,284 telephones in the first six months is reported. The Mississippi Railroad Commission approved the sale of the Sun Telephone Company, of Corinth, and in adjacent towns to the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company, at its September sitting.

"SUCCESS."

It's the coward who quits to misfortune, And the knave who changes around each day; It's the fool who wins half his battle And the thrower all his chances away. There is little in life but labor, And tomorrow may find that only a dream. Success is the bride of Endeavor, And Luck—that's but a meteor's gleam.—Exchange.

RED CROSS FUND \$8,000,000.

The American Red Cross continued its drive for Japanese relief Saturday evening. Nearly \$8,000,000 had been subscribed. The quota originally was \$5,000,000. One who desires to live 100 years should marry early, refrain from indulging in late hours, be a college athlete and be neither rich nor poor, according to an address made in Chicago recently by Albert M. Johnson, president of the National Life Insurance Company, before several hundred boys scouts. Mr. Johnson said these maxims were reached by the company following statistical comparison of results from a survey of 100,000 men, made in 1922. The average life expectancy of a man was 47.5 years, and a balance of \$100,000,000, or deposit on August 1st.

MONEY FROM GASOLINE TAX.

State Auditor's Office Gives Out Interesting Figures—Sixty Per Cent of Monies Paid Back By County For Road Maintenance.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 4.—Mississippi's gasoline excise tax of 1 cent per gallon has netted the State more than half a million dollars for use on highways of the State since it went into effect, March 26, 1922, according to figures of the State auditor's office.

The tax, under provisions of the act authorizing such collection, is apportioned to the distributors direct to the auditor's office, and they in turn collect it from the consumer by simply adding 1 cent to the price of gasoline and the collection is made without red tape or inconvenience to anyone concerned in the transaction.

The bill was passed through the House of Representatives during the 1922 session, but not without a stiff fight. Under the provision of the measure 60 per cent of the revenue derived from this source is paid back to the county in which it was collected, to be used in the maintenance and construction of highways, and the other 40 per cent is placed at the disposal of the State Highway Commission for similar use on roads maintained by the State.

Following is the table showing the amount of income derived from the tax on gasoline for each month since the measure became effective up to and including July 31, 1923:

March (1922)	\$ 4,023.31
April	26,472.03
May	26,554.42
June	29,714.33
July	26,385.36
August	36,598.81
September	41,987.93
October	41,438.00
November	33,610.46
December	34,922.53
Total for 1922	\$299,637.18
January (1923)	\$ 32,399.75
February	26,457.59
March	31,085.59
April	35,768.24
May	43,432.32
June	41,409.04
July	46,011.50
Total for 1923	\$250,162.03
Total gasoline excise tax collected to July 31, 1923, \$649,799.21.	

BROADCASTINGS.

What some call a good lawyer in a damage case is one who can make it sound as if the train left the track and chased an auto until it caught it and hit it.

Life is made up of getting money to move to the city to get enough money to move back to the farm.

Another way to keep warm in Europe is to stuff four or five dollars worth of their cheap paper money into your clothes.

Another thing we don't believe a girl can do, hard as she tries, is to put her hands into her knickers pocket just like a man.

We read in a magazine where it is possible to love 100 women at one time, but choosing statistics show it's safest to stick to one.

The man who wants his children to be religious never tries to change their minds when they're standing around.

Another reason for not having an extra session of Congress is that those who want it can't agree on what they'll do if they get it.

Plasterers in eastern cities are making \$15 a day. Why not revise our college courses and have a professor of plastering?

A St. Louis man recently received a parcel post package containing dynamite, whiskey and pills. He ought to play safe and start on the dynamite.

A big gold discovery has been made in Alaska by Indians which is no sign the Indians will get the gold.

One thing nice, if we do get to using arishu we won't have any detour signs and no cows or chickens to run over.

It's a serious question which costs the most—taking everybody's advice.

We can't help believing that if some men would work hard and hope less they'd get along better.

President Coolidge likes rhubarb pie and cabbage. We don't believe he's going to be a bad fellow to get along with.

The under dog proves that a lot of us never do our best fighting until we are down.

The fellow who runs in low may miss the thrills that come with speed, but he has a better chance of living to a ripe old age.

We always are afraid to do business with the man who declares that business and religion won't mix.

Some wise guy asserts snakes will not bite in the water. He is not familiar with the moonshine variety of reptiles.

We heard a local boy calling his girl "Spearmin." Not because she is Wrigley but because she is after meals.

The man who most loudly condemns the silliness of youngsters is the one who tries monkey glands to prolong his youth.

DEMPEY-FIRPO FIGHT RECEIPTS \$1,188,862.80

New York, Sept. 18.—The total attendance at the Dempsey-Firpo fight last Friday amounted to \$2,225, a new high record, it was announced today by Promoter, Tex Rickard. The total, including complimentary attendance and other admissions, was first at \$7,000 and the gross receipts at \$1,188,862.80.

POSTAL SAVINGS GROW.

Postal savings deposits underwent a greater increase in August than in any other time during the year. The total deposits for August, 1923, were \$200,000,000, a new high record, and a balance of \$1,124,000,000 on deposit on August 1st.

WITH THE WITS.

Out For Business. Hanging on a strap in a crowded street car to the music of the conductor's sonorous voice at frequent intervals bellowing: "Step forward in the car please," a negro remarked, "Dat boy sho' mus' be workin' on comishun."—Columbus Dispatch.

Hobo Humor.

"So, Dusty, in jail again. What have you got him doin'?" "He's kinder proofreadin', as usual."

"How'd yer mean?" "Puttin' in periods after de judge's sentences."—L. A. Express.

Teacher—How many seasons are there? "Ikey—Two! Busy and dull.—Exchange.

Ezra Jones now lies at rest. For driving south—and looking west.

Asking Too Much.

Prexy—Let me try on the suit in the window, my good man. Clerk—Sorry, sir, but you'll have to use the dressing room.—Selected.

Great Expectations.

Conductor No. 1004, in charge of an afternoon train out of Washington for New York, was ready to start, with several carloads of passengers, including a number of congressmen. "All right, back there," he called, standing near the front of the train. "Hold on, boss!" bawled a feminine voice, "wait till ah gets mah clothes on!" Six carfuls of passengers thrust their heads out of windows and craned their necks expectantly. They saw a negro mammy struggling on with a basket of laundry.—Boston Globe.

Horrors!

An Irishman coming out of ether in the ward after an operation exclaimed audibly: "Thank God! That's over!" "Don't be too sure," said the man in the next bed. "They left a sponge in me and had to cut me open again."

And the patient on the other side said: "Why, they had to open me, too, to find one of their instruments." Just then the surgeon who had operated on the Irishman stuck his head in the door and yelled, "Has anybody seen my hat?" Pat faints.—Exchange.

FOUND—A lady's leather handbag, left in my Ford car while parked on Park avenue, two weeks ago. The owner can have same by calling at my office, proving the property, and paying for this ad. (If she will explain to my wife that I had nothing to do with its being there, I will pay for the ad myself.)—47-X.—Idaho Falls Register.

Ships and Shipments.

Little Johnny was seeking information from his father. "Freight is goods that are sent by water or land, isn't it?"

"That's right, son." "Well, then, why is it that the freight that goes by ship is called a cargo, and when it goes by car it is called a shipment?"

And then Johnny wondered why father put on his hat and sauntered outside to get the air.—Everybody's Magazine.

A Matter of Spelling.

"Bill," said a sailor looking up from his writing, "do you spell 'sense' with a 'c' or an 's'?" "Don't depends," replied his friend. "money, or sense, meaning brains?"

"Aw, I don't mean either of them two," was the reply. "What I want to say is 'I ain't seen him sense.'"

Bad Case.

A psychiatric board was testing the mentality of a negro soldier. "Do you ever hear voices without being able to tell who is speaking or where the sound comes from?" "Yes, suh," answered the negro. "And when does this occur?" "When I'se talkin' over de telephone."—Christian Evangelist.

The Drawbacks of Religion.

A colored woman consulted the village lawyer. "Ah want to divorce mah husband," she said.

"What's the trouble?" asked the lawyer. "That nigger's done gone and got religion, and we ain't on a chicken on the table for two weeks."—Progressive Grocer.

Snuff.

Professor—What is the penalty for bigamy? Student—Two mothers-in-law.—Exchange.

ATTENTION

With every \$5.00 CASH purchase at The BAY MERCANTILE CO.

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PHONE 28.

The Railroads Do Not Need Quack Doctors

One thing characteristic of quack doctors is that they try to make well folks believe they are sick, and thus create a fictitious need for their poisonous pills among the self-deluded.

Certain quacks—shyster lawyers, pot-house politicians, and such ilk—are crying aloud that the railroads are sick and must have medicine in drastic doses.

The railroads are not sick—now. They are past the crisis of the wasting illness of the World War and Government control and are on the high road to recovery, getting free from the effects of the debilitating drugs that have been poured into their systems. They require only that Nature be allowed to take its course and that the patient be given enough time for full restoration to health and vigor.

Stop listening to the quacks. Give the railroads a chance. The prosperity of the country demands it.

L&N
Fact No. 11

NOTICE TO ANYONE WISHING TO SELL COASTERS SERIALS.
Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County, Mississippi, at the office of the Clerk of the Board, at Bay St. Louis, Miss., until 11 o'clock A. M., on MONDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1923, for the purchase by the county of an oyster-shell pile with not less than 90,000 barrels of shells, said shells to be in Bay St. Louis, Miss., and county to be given at least 15 years in which to move said shells.

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

A. A. GREENGARDEN, Clerk.
Bay St. Louis, Miss., Sept. 6, 1923.

NOTICE TO BIDDERS.
Sealed bids for painting R. W. Webb City School October 4, 1923. Sealed bids are solicited for the painting of the R. W. Webb City School, with Climatic paint; two coats. Bids must be filed with the undersigned on or before Thursday, October 4th, 1923, to be opened at a regular monthly meeting of the Board of City School Trustees, City of Bay St. Louis, Miss.

Bidder will have to furnish bond for the faithful performance of contract. The Board of Trustees also reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. L. ANSLY, Secretary.
Board of School Trustees,
City of Bay St. Louis.

Work and Play at S. J. A.

News Notes of Personal and General Interest From St. Joseph's Academy.

6:30 Tuesday morning found Our Lady of the Gulf Church crowded with teachers and pupils attending mass in honor of the Holy Spirit. The entire Catholic student body was present and received Holy Communion, asking the Divine guidance for the scholastic year just commenced. During the service hymns were sung by the pupils of St. Stanislaus and St. Joseph's accompanied by Prof. Hemmersbach. A year thus placed under the protection of heaven bids fair to be successful in every sense of the word.

Very Rev. Father Gmelch visited the Academy last Friday and encouraged us "to put our best foot forward." Father was much pleased at the large attendance.

Thanks. A letter returned to Mr. Wheeler Lucas for the complimentary copies of Hyacinth to the Sacred Heart. The young ladies of the Academy are learning the hymn and soon he will have the pleasure of hearing it sung in church.

Rhyme of '25.
We're the class of '25,
Full of pep and quite alive;
Ten bright Juniors will allow,
Wait and see how high we'll grow.

Jennie Green, an ambitious lass,
Studies hard and leads the class.
Oleah Mauffray next is lined,
Most industrious and quite refined.
Marie Favre, with wavy hair,
Possesses sweetness truly rare.
Alice Palanque, who is rather frisky,
She reminds us much of Paderewski!
We often hear our Carmel say,
"While the sun shines let's make hay."
A genuine chauffeur is Adrinne Combe,
Drives her "Lizzie," but never parks home.
Ellen Mae Welsh, our classmate sweet,
Is full of pep from head to feet.
Dolores Vial, known better as "Zoe,"
Is always ready to be on the go.
Virgil Fuch, says with exultation,
That she is looking forward to a "grand vacation."

We are ten in Third Year Hi.
Ready to do or die.
Helping always in a cause,
That is worthy of applause.
"Watch our efforts to do more,"
Say the Juniors of '24.

Information Wanted.

Does G. C. like J. G.'s hair bobbed?
What is "P. H."? Ask Alice.
Who enjoys riding on the Elcaro?
What attraction is at Laurel, Miss?
Why did Alice change her place in class?
Refer to Carmel she's wise.
Why does Carmel suddenly compare cars?
Why is Rosalie nicknamed Egypt?
Why is Zoe the odd one?
A few of the boarders would like to know who broke their dates Tuesday Night.
What was Rosalie explaining to Ellen?
What is a stage plank?
How big is a tub?
Where did the twine come from?

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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No man can learn to enjoy life until he first learns to enjoy work.
B. C. Forbes.

Weak Back

Mrs. Mildred Pipkin, of R. F. D. 3, Columbia, Tenn., says: "My experience with Cardui has covered a number of years. Nineteen years ago... I got down with weak back. I was run-down and so weak and nervous I had to stay in bed. I read of

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

and sent for it. I took only one bottle at that time, and it helped me; seemed to strengthen and build me right up. So that is how I first knew of Cardui. After that... when I began to get weak and no account, I sent right for Cardui, and it never failed to help me. If you are weak and suffering from womanly ailments, Cardui may be just what you need. Take Cardui. It has helped thousands, and ought to help you. All drug stores and dealers.

What resembles the "New Basin"?
What is a saw? And what's its occupation?

Why?

A. P. is called Paderewski?
The pitcher at the Senior's table is so rushed?

M. B. is wearing a certain piece of jewelry?
Zoe likes French?
Someone gets excited when she hears "Kappa Gamma"?
We all wonder and wouldn't mind knowing, would you?

Bright Side.

Teacher—Give an account of King Clovis and his family.
Jennie—Oh! He was a very fine man.

Bessie (after slight accident to Zoe)—Pardon me.
Zoe (absently)—You're quite welcome.

Talking About Dates.

Latin Teacher—You'd better know the translation from Caesar tomorrow or I'll have a date with you from three to four.

Honor Roll.

Seniors—Marcelite Teillard, Regina Blaize, Marguerite Vial, Clara Blaize, Irene Seller, Gertrude Calhoun, Juliet Perre, Onita Bernom, Fannie Marquez, Dorothy O'Neal.

Juniors—Genevieve Green, Oleah Mauffray, Marie Favre, Alice Palanque, Carmel Kuebel, Adrinne Combe, Dolores Vial, Rosalie Araguel, Ellen Mae Welch, Virgil Fuch.

Sophomores—Bessie Baston, Alice Blaize, Mary Scaife, Caroline Logan, Isabel Combe, Agnes Martinloch, Margaret Blaize, Evelyn Bob, Beatrice Smith, Alberta Beyer, Erin Saucier, Marie Hemmersbach, Althea Black, Ione Manier.

Eligible—Grade—Victoria Gabrielle, Melva Weicker, Ruth Black, Iona LeBlanc, Yvonne LeBlanc, Geraldine Calhoun, Sarah Peirce, Lois Hobbs, Leona Gilbert, Evelyn Monti.

Seventh Grade—Verna Batson, Jessie Kackler, Elmira Villere, Genevieve Monti, Hazel Kerosien, Judith Mauffray, Clothilda Monti, Cora Gray, Emilia Saybe, Juanita Benigno, Kathleen Renshaw.

Sixth Grade—Grace L. Weinacker, Eula Gardebel, Mary Pierce, Anna M. Blaize, Edith Ansley, Catherine Walbrecht, Gertrude Partridge, Mary Loicano, Melinda Ramond, Marguerite Villere, Vivian Plogoff, Adella Gabrielle, Verna Perre.

Fifth Grade—Oralie Conrad, Carrie Schiro, Dorothy Mayer, Edith Marie Quintini, Eloise Quintini, Bessie Scaife, Dorothy Hubbard, Lucy Guiglard, Mary Chinic.

Fourth Grade—Anita Starlip, Vivian Heitzmann, Noel Calhoun, Helen Wolfe, Anita Rodi, Evelyn Rodi, Anita Nicol, Cecilia Hemmersbach, Benedita, Valmae Manier, Grace Redding, Elise Lazana, John Blaize, Ruth Ballard, Myrtle Besancon, Esther Larkin, Alexandra Gabrielle, Anna Mae Perre, Mary Francis Starlip, Arthur Starlip.

By
Mouth Hygiene Division
Bureau of Child Welfare
State Board of Health.

THE HUMAN MACHINE.
(By Rea Proctor McGee, D. D. S., M. D., Editor "Oral Hygiene.")
Have you ever considered what a remarkable machine you are? Think of the wonderful mechanism of your hand, your wrist, your arm! Think of the powerful muscles, the slender tendons, the rigid bones, delicate nerves, the efficiently distributed arteries and veins. All of these and the rest of your body do their work at your slightest thought.

In addition to all this, your body machine repairs nearly all of its own injuries, takes care of its own growth and renews its worn-out cells. Nature makes a complete effort to provide you with a perfect means to carry on your business and to enjoy the pleasures of life.

In order for your body to do these things it must have fuel in the shape of food and it is up to your mouth to receive and prepare this fuel. If your food is of the very purest and most appetizing variety, carefully prepared and tastefully served, it would seem that that would be all that is necessary.

But if that same pure food is placed in an infected mouth and is then thoroughly corrupted by having mixed with it many types of bacteria and of the poisons resulting from bacteria, would it not seem that the damage to your system would be very serious?

The condition known as neuritis, from which many people who use their hands as typists, pianists, frequently suffer, is caused by overwork and infection. The overwork reduces the vitality and resistance of the nerves and their sheaths, and infection in the great majority of cases comes from abscesses about the teeth. This is the only one of the many painful and serious derangements of your body machine that can come from diseases in the mouth.

If you owned a fine piece of machinery that got out of order, you would call in, first, a good general machinist—and then men especially skilled in the various parts of the machine that required special training to understand properly.

Why not be as careful of your own body? The mechanical principles upon which you are built and by which you live are just as true as those upon which you run your automobile. But as your body is the most complicated machine with which you will ever come in contact, it requires a very high order of intelligence in the "garage man" to diagnose your troubles.

Complete diagnosis is considered complete diagnosis without the advice of that specialist upon the mouth—the dentist.

(Copyright, 1921, by Rea Proctor McGee.)

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS BOARD OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN.

Special Session Held to Pass Upon Bills and Pay Same For Sea Wall and Filling.

State of Mississippi, Hancock County, City of Bay St. Louis. A special meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Bay St. Louis was held at the City Hall on the 17th day of September, 1923, at 7 o'clock p. m.

There were present: Mayor R. W. Webb, Aldermen John Buehler, H. deS. Gillum, Secretary S. J. Ladner. Absent: Aldermen W. C. Sick and L. C. Carver, City Marshal Albert Jones.

The object of said meeting is as follows: To pay off city labor and pay final bills and estimates for sea wall and filling as per bill approved and advertised for bids for publication of the proceedings of the Board, and appoint a committee.

Executed Alderman W. C. Sick, 9:30 a. m.
Executed Alderman J. F. Buehler, 10 a. m.
Executed Alderman H. deS. Gillum, 10:30 a. m.
Executed Alderman L. C. Carver, 11 a. m.

ALBERT JONES,
City Marshal.
Mayor R. W. Webb appointed Edw. Prevean, treasurer, to expire the same time of present term, same being ratified by the Board.

Mayor R. W. Webb appointed Alderman H. deS. Gillum chairman pro tempore of financial committee, which was ratified by the Board.

LEGAL NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the contract for publishing the proceedings and legal notices, including the annual statement, all ordinances for the City of Bay St. Louis for one year from Saturday, the 2nd day of September, 1923, of the City of Bay St. Louis, will be sold to the best advantage of the city. Bids to be submitted on condition of the minutes being published in the newspaper in the first publication after the minutes of the Board, and on condition the entire minutes of the Board be published in one publication, and on condition that a failure to publish a paper on any date the paper is due wherein a city publication should appear, shall render the contract void; a bid shall contain a sworn statement showing a paid circulation. Sealed bids are required to be filed with the Secretary of the City at the City Hall, on Second street, in Bay St. Louis, Miss., on or before Saturday, the 6th day of October, A. D. 1923. The City reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, this 17th day of September, 1923.

S. J. LADNER, Secretary.
The following bills were allowed, approved and ordered paid out of the following funds:

CITY FUND.
Ed. Kimmel, Str. Com. sal. 50.00
J. E. Johnston, 1/2 mo. salary, 35.00
J. Caplepon, 1/2 mo. salary, 35.00
Ed. Prevean, dep. mar., 12 mo. salary, 25.00
Alfred Carver, labor, 12 days, at \$2.50, 30.00
Alfred Besancon, labor, 12 days, at \$2.50, 30.00
John Adams, labor, 13 days, at \$2.50, 32.50
Philip Adams, labor, 12 days, at \$2.50, 30.00
Henry Bourgeois, labor, 12 days, at \$2.50, 30.00
Timothy, labor, 10 days, at \$2.50, 25.00
Carlo & Oliver, part payment laying sewer pipe on Washington ave. 291.61

Business not being concluded the Board recessed to September 18th, 1923, at 7 o'clock p. m.

S. J. LADNER, Secretary.
September 18, 1923, the Board reconvened.

Present Mayor R. W. Webb, Aldermen W. C. Sick, H. deS. Gillum, L. C. Carver, Secretary S. J. Ladner. Absent: Aldermen John Buehler, City Marshal Albert Jones.

Moved by Alderman Sick, seconded from which many people who use their hands as typists, pianists, frequently suffer, is caused by overwork and infection. The overwork reduces the vitality and resistance of the nerves and their sheaths, and infection in the great majority of cases comes from abscesses about the teeth. This is the only one of the many painful and serious derangements of your body machine that can come from diseases in the mouth.

If you owned a fine piece of machinery that got out of order, you would call in, first, a good general machinist—and then men especially skilled in the various parts of the machine that required special training to understand properly.

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Complete diagnosis is considered complete diagnosis without the advice of that specialist upon the mouth—the dentist.

(Copyright, 1921, by Rea Proctor McGee.)

OUR COUNTRY'S FOREST LANDS.

TIMBER. MINE OR CROP?
Two National Problems: Land Use and Timber Supply.

Nearly half the land area of the United States, some 822 million acres, was originally forested. This stand, mainly of high-grade material, probably far exceeded in volume the estimate of 5,200 billion feet board measure made some years ago.

American standards of living and much of our industry have been developed upon timber supplies so abundant and cheap that the United States today is the largest consumer of wood in the world. We now use nearly half the lumber, more than half the paper, and about two-fifths the wood in all forms. We produce from two-thirds to three-fourths of the naval stores. The timber to supply our demands has been mined for the forest lands as coal has been mined from the ground.

Timber Mining.
Largely through timber mining the original stand has been reduced from more than 5,200 billion board feet to approximately 1,600 billion feet of virgin timber and 600 billion feet additional in culled and second-growth stands. Seventy-five per cent of the remaining virgin timber is west of the Great Plains, and more than 50 per cent of all our remaining saw timber is in the three Pacific Coast States, while nearly half of the lumber cut is consumed in the region east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac rivers. Lumber producing and consuming centers are so far apart that we pay \$250,000,000 annually in lumber freight.

Seventy-five per cent of our lumber cut and fully 90 per cent of the product of high quality is still taken from the virgin stands. Thirty-eight thousand four hundred forest fires, the invariable accompaniment of timber mining, burned over more than eight million acres in 1921. Depletion and higher prices have replaced the drain on our forests, but the amount taken still four times replacement by growth.

Timber mining is, therefore, responsible for a great reduction in our timber supplies. With accompanying forest fires, it is also responsible in part for a great reduction in the area of our forest lands. The original forest of 822 million acres has been reduced to 138 million acres of virgin forest, 250 million acres of second-growth, and 81 million acres of unproductive land, a total of slightly less than 470 million acres. East of the great plains the original forest was 681 million acres—the present forest total is 60,700,000 acres. In the West there are 77,400,000 acres left out of the original forest of 147,000,000 acres.

Land Clearing.
Another important factor in reducing our area of forest land has been the clearing of land for agriculture. The first necessity of the early settlers was to clear land to produce food. By 1880 about 150 million acres, or 22 per cent of the original forest land, had been cleared for farm and stock raising. The timber destroyed because there was no market. From then on destruction of timber in land clearing practically disappeared.

In addition to the 150 million acres of timber cut and destroyed about 50 million acres of forested land in the Eastern States have been cut over primarily to clear agricultural land but without wasting the timber. In the West little land has been cleared for farming ahead of the lumberman. Thus agriculture has been the primary motive for clearing about

200 million acres, or 24 per cent, of our original forest area.

Land Not Taken by Agriculture.
While before 1880 land clearing for agriculture outstripped lumbering, a greater and greater demand for timber has since caused land to be logged off much more rapidly than it was taken up by agriculture. Although many of these lands have been on the market and have been pressed for sale, settlement on them is practically at a standstill. Agricultural settlement in recent years has been almost wholly confined to the semi-arid, non-forested lands in the Great Plains and Rocky Mountain regions. Thus Michigan, which has 15½ million acres of cut-over lands, showed the insignificant increase in improved farm land of only 93,000 acres from 1910 to 1920, but the western open country, even though semi-arid, added 29 million acres. The rate of land improvement fell off 62 per cent in Wisconsin between 1900 and 1920. Wisconsin now has more cut-over and idle land than ever before—some 13 million acres—more than all the improved farm land in the State. There are in the Lake States alone from 25 to 30 million acres of cut-over land, and the area is continually augmenting.

In Michigan at the average rate of settlement for the last twenty years, 380 years would be required to settle the present area of cut-over land and the remaining timber land that will soon be cut over. In the Upper Peninsula 800 years would be required in the northern part of the Lower Peninsula 200 years, and in the southern part of the Lower Peninsula 1,700 years. In Minnesota, at the rate of clearing and settlement of the past 40 years, it would take nearly a century to absorb into farms even the best part of the land now idle.

In the decade 1900-1910 improved land increased at the rate of 6.4 million acres annually, and cut-over land at the rate of 3.4 million acres; in the decade 1910-1920 the rates were 2.5 million acres and 10 million acres, respectively. At present approximately 1 million acres annually of improved land derived is from cut-over forest land.

The million acres is barely enough to offset the area of abandoned farm lands in the East that revert each year to forest. The forest area of New England is now 13 per cent larger than 60 years ago.

Similarly in the southeastern pine-ribs the area taken over for new agricultural use is probably offset by the abandoned fields that revert each year to forest. The 1920 census shows that the area of improved farm land in the eastern United States, where the bulk of the cut-over land is found did not increase in the last decade. In some States not only the improved land but even the total farm land decreased.

The tradition that all cut or burned forest land or even the greater part of it is being taken over by agriculture is not borne out by the facts. The total area of forest lands already cut or burned over, exclusive of farm wood lots, that has not been taken for agricultural use, has already grown to 181 million acres. Furthermore, our forest land is being cut over at the rate of about ten million acres yearly, and probably more than half this are in virgin forest.

The Problem of Land Use and Timber Supply.
The depletion of our timber supplies and the reduction of our forest area largely through timber mining has created one national problem, that of providing the timber necessary to meet our future requirements.

Inability to utilize cut or burned over forest lands for agriculture has created a second and related national problem—that of land use.—1922 Yearbook, U. S. Department of Agriculture.



Children Cry for

Fletcher's CASTORIA

A pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants from one month old to Children of all ages.

MOTHER! Fletcher's Castoria contains no narcotics. It has been in use for more than 30 years to safely relieve

Constipation
Flatulency
Diarrhoea

Wind Colic
To Sweeten Stomach
Regulate Bowels

Aids in the assimilation of Food, promoting Cheerfulness, Rest, and

Natural Sleep without Opium

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*. Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

LATITE

Cool as Forest under a Genasco Roof

GENASCO LATITE SHINGLES shed heat—turn back the blazing rays of the sun like the leaves of a forest. There's no absorbing of heat—no super-heating of interior walls and furnishings. Think what this means! Comfortable sleeping rooms right under your roof—a cooler, more comfortable house in summer from roof to cellar.

GENASCO LATITE SHINGLES are non-conductive of both heat and cold. They're made with Trinidad Lake Asphalt Cement—a product of great insulating as well as water-proofing properties.

GENASCO LATITE SHINGLES have other remarkable features. The sun can't curl them—frost can't pry them apart—hurricane winds can't tear them off. They are beautiful, long-lasting and FIRE-SAFE.

Summer's here—but after it comes WINTER. Why not put on a roofing that weathers ALL weather—that will keep your home as dry, safe and comfortable in January as in July? Insist on GENASCO LATITE.

New York
Chicago
Pittsburgh

THE BARBER ASPHALT COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA.

Kansas City
St. Louis

GENASCO LATITE SHINGLES ARE LOCKED ON YOUR ROOF. MADE IN THREE NATURAL UNFADING COLORS—RED, GREEN AND BLUE-BLACK.

PEDRO BOUDIN,

SELLING AGENTS FOR BAY ST. LOUIS.
Third Street. Telephone 58.

Yes, we have no Bananas

BUT WE HAVE SHOES FOR THE ENTIRE FAMILY.

As to our success of the Giant Bargain Sale of Shoes we very gladly like to announce that our Shoe Sale will continue until September 30th, because we feel that our patronage from our surrounding country should share the benefit just as well as those in the town of Bay St. Louis.

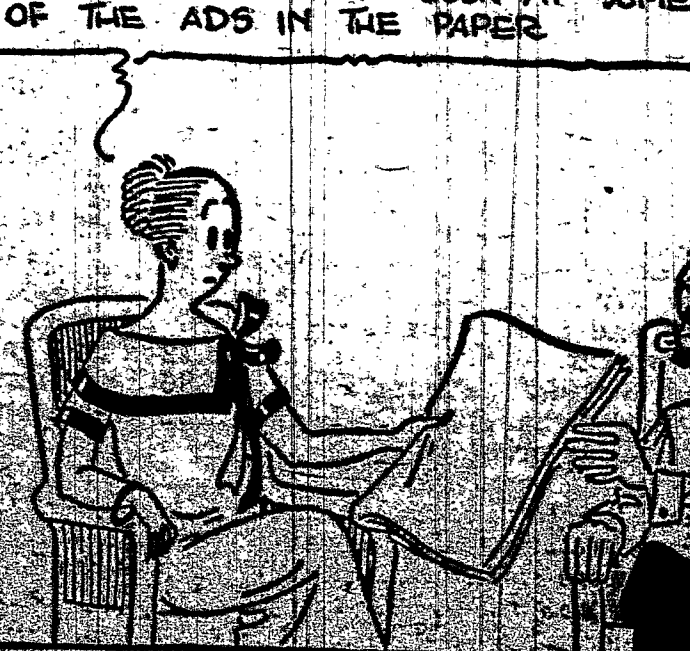
Boston Shoe Store,

Leader of Low Prices and Leader in Styles.
No. 100 Main, Corner Second Street,
Bay St. Louis, Mississippi.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER RIBBONS For Sale at THE ECHO Office. Price, 75c. Satisfaction guaranteed.

AW, WHAT'S THE USE

YOU OUGHT TO HAVE SOME NEW SPRING CLOTHES YOURSELF, AND IF YOU DON'T KNOW WHAT TO GET LOOK AT SOME OF THE ADS IN THE PAPER.



AND THESE ARE SOME OF THE ADS FELIX SAW



SPRING STYLES FOR GENTLEMEN



So Say We All of Us



CITY ECHOES

Mrs. Graham and interesting little son and daughter, who have visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis H. Burns, at "Lauraville," returned to New Orleans a few days since.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Morris and daughter, Miss Viola Sullivan, who are spending the fall season at their summer home, "Forest Villa," are entertaining their relative, Miss Lily Flick, of New Orleans, who will remain for an indefinite stay.

Mr. Walter H. Gleason, who resides in Bay St. Louis and practices his profession in New Orleans, is not commuting these days, but is spending a fortnight in vacation, pastimes at his handsome home on the beach front at Cedar Point.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Pyados, who have leased the Gleason cottage, corner Front and Julia streets, for the winter season, accompanied their little daughters to New Orleans this week, in which city they have entered the Ursuline convent for the scholastic session.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Waller are entertaining the latter's mother, Mrs. P. J. McGinn, at the attractive family home on the beach front. Mrs. McGinn has many friends in the city of her former residence, who are glad to welcome her return, even though it be for only a while.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Staehle, of New Orleans, who, since their marriage during the early summer, have been spending the season at one of the most-embowered beach cottages of classic Pass Christian, have been visiting Mrs. C. Spori and the Miss Sporis on Front, near Washington street. Before her marriage Mrs. Staehle was Miss Rosalie Spori, popularly known in local social circles.

Mr. Charles Traub, efficient and urbane young assistant at the Merchants Bank, returned to the bank, after a week's absence enjoying a well-earned vacation. Charles spent his vacation to advantage, visiting in New Orleans, Ocean Springs and other points along the Gulf Coast.

After an absence of nearly two months, Mr. Arthur A. Scaife, actively connected with the Hancock County Bank here, returned to his post of duty, and the patrons of the H. C. B. are glad to note his return. Mr. Scaife is courteous and capable, a young man who is strictly on the job and renders such service as is an asset to the bank.

Colleagues at St. Stanislaus were given a half holiday by the faculty in honor of the birthday of Bro. Lambert, well known and beloved president of the college, his natal anniversary fell on Monday, September 17th. Bro. Lambert is justly popular with all who know him and the fond hope is expressed that he may see many more birthdays of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. John Osoinach have moved from Union street and are again domiciled at the family home on the beach front. Guests of "Hibernia Cottage" have returned to New Orleans, after a most successful season. It has been a season of recreation and to the employees of the Hibernia Bank, who have from time to time spent a while at the Cottage.

Mr. Junior Spori, graduate of St. Stanislaus College, left a few days since for Notre Dame, Ind., where he has matriculated at the University. He was accompanied on the trip by his father, Mr. C. A. Spori. Junior is one of the bright and capable young men of this city and is followed by the best wishes of the many friends for the success we feel certain will be his.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Pitcher left a few days since for New York City, where Mr. Pitcher will attend to business and Mrs. Pitcher will be before returning they will attend the shows, thus combining pleasure with business. Their return will be warmly welcomed by their many home friends.

Mrs. P. V. Lacoste will leave within the next few days for New York City, where she will join Mr. Lacoste, who left some weeks ago for a business trip, extending as far as Montreal, Canada. Mrs. Lacoste will be accompanied by her sister. Their trip of pleasure and business to the big metropolis is an annual one.

The Echo regrets to note the departure in the near future of Mr. Frank Hymel and family, who have made Bay St. Louis their home for quite a number of years. Mr. Hymel has taken a responsible position with the A. Baldwin Company, while his son, Mr. Ronald Hymel, is connected with the New Orleans Commercial Bank. Miss Della Hymel, principal at the W. Webb school, will remain at her post, taking up her residence with Mrs. G. Y. Blaize, in Hancock street.

Mr. and Mrs. Teddy Lyons, who have been occupying "Waldmere," the Eastman place, for the summer, have leased "Twin Oaks," on the Waveland beach front, for the winter season. This property, perhaps better known as the Morris McGraw summer home and later owned by the Tipping family, was sold during the early part of the week, H. S. Weston, of Logtown, becoming the new owner.

Mr. Alphonse G. Favre, former deputy clerk of County Clerk A. A. Kergosien, which he held with signal success, will return to the same position next Monday morning, September 24th, resigning his position at the Merchants Bank and Trust Company to go back to his old love. Mr. Favre is a most capable young man and the public welcome him wherever he goes to serve them. The clerk's office at the courthouse will be in charge of Dr. A. A. Kergosien, assisted by Messrs. Alphonse G. Favre and Horace L. Kergosien.

Mrs. E. J. Leonhard returned home Tuesday evening from a brief visit in New Orleans.

Mr. Emmett J. Kergosien left last week for Jacksonville, Fla., where he expects to be located indefinitely, for the winter at least.

Mrs. May Silverburg, after an absence of some time visiting friends in the Crescent City, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Drake returned from Anniston, Ala., yesterday, in which city and vicinity they spent a while and were guests of relatives.

Miss Leonidas Perre, a graduate of St. Joseph's Academy, has taken a position with the Hancock County Bank, the bank adding her services in addition to the force.

Mr. Delmas Ladner came over from Purvis during the early part of the week on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Ladner, and family, after an absence of quite a while.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Braun, spending the summer at their home in Carroll avenue, have returned to New Orleans for the winter, where they are "at home" to their friends at 8739 Oak street.

Miss Myrtle Mader, recently returned from California and other places West, traveling all summer with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Batistella, is preparing to leave on or about October 1st for Lafayette, La., where she will enter Southwestern University.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Garner, of Jackson, are the guests of their son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Garner, in Union street. They are both charmed with the Bay and contemplate a more lengthy visit next season.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Batistella reached Bay St. Louis during the week from their interesting trip West and stay on the Pacific Coast this summer. They are "at home," corner Front and Washington streets, but intend spending the greater part of the winter in New Orleans.

Mr. Perry Drake, who is connected with the department of census at Washington, D. C., recently returned to his duties, after spending his vacation in Bay St. Louis, visiting at the home of his brother, Mr. E. S. Drake, and Mrs. Drake, at their home on Union avenue.

Work on the new S. C. building in Union street has been delayed two weeks awaiting the arrival of a consignment of gravel. The building will be quite handsome and spacious, the architecture conforming with the present main building. Its completion is eagerly anticipated.

Hon. Edgar S. Driver, mayor of Monticello, Miss., accompanied by his wife, returned to their home recently, after a visit of several weeks to the residence of Mrs. S. P. Driver, in Main street, decidedly improved in health by his stay on the Gulf Coast.

The many Bay St. Louis friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Ferrandino, formerly of Bay St. Louis, but now residing in New Orleans, will learn with interest of the news that they have again become grandparents, a second son born a few days since to Mr. and Mrs. Church, the latter their daughter.

Miss Belle Faust and Miss Louise Faust, of New Orleans, are visiting at the home of their niece, Mrs. E. J. Leonhard, and will make Bay St. Louis their future home. Later they will occupy the dwelling, recently purchased from H. H. Piccaluga, in Carroll avenue, and will also make income acquisitions to the community.

Considerable interest has been aroused by the article appearing in last week's Echo to the effect the faculty college had announced a program of lyceum attractions for the coming winter, beginning with the first number on October 17th. Seats on tickets are now on sale at the college to the public at \$2.00 for adults and \$1.50 for children.

The approach to the ferry pier is not only in a bad condition but dangerous as well, but we feel it will be repaired in time, although this cannot be done any too early in view of the fact an accident at any time seemingly is imminent. It is not as here and in this connection to express the wish that at an early date the sidewalk will be built to the ferry pier, connecting with the head of State street, now that the sea wall is finished.

Friends and acquaintances of Mrs. Otto Sange who left Bay St. Louis last winter for a visit to her former home in Germany, will be interested to learn of tidings from her. Our esteemed townsman, Mr. W. M. Wolbrette, received a letter from Mrs. Sange during the week, in which she stated she was well and residing in a home and found it to her advantage to remain in view of the fact her American dollars were worth more. Mrs. Sange asked to be remembered to her Bay St. Louis friends and acquaintances.

Born. To Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Roemer, at Presbyterian Hospital, New Orleans, a boy, Sunday morning September 16, 1923. Both mother and babe reported doing fine. Be fore her marriage Mrs. Roemer was Miss Sadie Ladner, well known and popular young lady of this city, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alde Ladner, residing in Kellar avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Roemer are receiving the mingled messages of good wishes and congratulations of their Bay St. Louis friends as well as those from elsewhere on so happy an occasion.

PRINTING IN ALL BRANCHES AT THE SEA COAST ECHO.

FALL TERM CIRCUIT COURT, HANCOCK COUNTY

Court Term Recently Adjourned Disposed of Usual Amount of Business—Indictments Returned by Grand Jury Given Hearing—Resume of Proceedings.

A case that excited more than usual interest at the term of the Circuit Court of Hancock county, that has just adjourned, was the indictment by the grand jury of Mr. W. W. Stockstill, one of the attorneys of our local bar. Mr. Stockstill was indicted by the grand jury for the alleged offense of altering and falsifying public records belonging to the Chancery Court of the county, by procuring the injunction suit of Mrs. Helen M. Brown, represented by Mr. Stockstill, against the sale of the \$400,000.00 road and bridge bonds.

Mr. Stockstill's attorneys, Mr. J. L. Taylor, of Gulfport, and Mr. Jesse Stockstill, of Logtown, appeared by demurrer to the indictment, which in law admits the charges were made in the records of the suit as charged by the grand jury in its indictment, but objecting to a trial of the case on the merits, because it did not appear that anyone had been injured by making the unauthorized alterations.

The injunction suit had been discontinued, no bond having been filed by the complainant. Judge Graham sustained the demurrer to the indictment and dismissed Mr. Stockstill without a trial by a jury, because it did not appear that any actual loss had been sustained by reason of the facts alleged in the indictment. The case is being much discussed, and it is being rumored that the district attorney, Mr. R. S. Cowan, will appear to the Supreme Court on the ruling of Judge Graham discharging Mr. Stockstill; as it is said that Mr. Cowan has expressed his opinion to the effect that the law makes an alteration of a public record a felony whether anyone is injured or not by the alteration.

Another case that excited possibly more than usual interest was the indictment by the grand jury of Mr. Charles Brown, of Waveland, for criminal libel, in circulating certain printed propaganda against the sale of these bonds, and soliciting subscriptions from individuals to defray the expense of his attempt to hold the issuance and sale of the bonds void. The indictment charges that Mr. Brown committed a very serious offense in the circulation of this printed defamation of the Board of Supervisors, who he is alleged to have intimated that the Board did not act in good faith in the matter. As Mr. Brown could not be found by the sheriff, the case was continued to the next term. In the meantime, he is held under a substantial bond, guaranteeing his appearance at the next term to answer this charge.

The following is a resume of cases heard before his honor, Judge D. M. Graham, during the session: *Peelers Products Co. vs. L. & N. R. Co.* Continued by consent. *W. A. Cuevas vs. Mrs. Al. Garriga et al.* Jury and verdict for plaintiff.

W. A. Cuevas vs. Hugh Bonds. Jury and verdict for plaintiff. *Claud Monti vs. City of Bay St. Louis.* Proper plaintiff, Marie Monti, instead of Claud Monti, by agreement, and cause continued. *Angelo Costa vs. Rene Toca.* Continued.

R. M. Rea vs. L. & N. R. Co. Jury and verdict for plaintiff and \$20 damages. *Maris-Hillen Jewelry Co. vs. Alvin Mabius.* Dismissed for want of prosecution. *Leonard Seal vs. H. Weston Lumber Co.* Continued.

E. A. Patton vs. Edwards Hines Yellow Pine Trustees et al. Jury and verdict for plaintiff for \$600.00. *Alaskan Marshall vs. Edwards Hines Yellow Pine Trustees et al.* Order amending declaration. Jury and verdict for \$2,800.00 damages for death of husband.

Vernon Dorris vs. Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company. Motion to quash service on defendant overruled. Continued. *James Robinson, by next friend, vs. Edward Hines Yellow Pine Trustees.* Motion to remand sustained.

Gulf Coast Refining Co. vs. Blaize et al. Jury and verdict for \$100.00 in favor of Gulf Coast Refining Co. *H. H. Thorne vs. National Life and Accident Insurance Co.* Dismissed and costs paid.

John B. Favre vs. L. & N. R. Co. Dismissed at plaintiff's cost. *Irene Fayard vs. Jos. G. Scaife.* Dismissed. *Will Carter vs. Lovell Dorr.* Dismissed for want of prosecution.

Thomas Lynd Case vs. the Pullman Co. Jury and verdict for plaintiff. Judgment for \$900.00. *Albert Mackie Co. Ltd. vs. H. A. Hart.* Judgment by default for \$647.30 for plaintiff.

Shristian A. Dorn et al. vs. L. & N. R. Co. Damages to pecan orchard. Jury and verdict for \$265.00. *State vs. Alde Ladner.* Attachment issued for witness in this case, H. Bond, returnable at next term and sheriff to require said witness to enter into bond in the sum of \$100 for his appearance as witness at next term.

State vs. Placide Lizana and Mr. Page. "We the jury find the defendants guilty as charged." Larceny of sheep. *State vs. Frank Bourgeois,* lessor of house in which intoxicating liquor was kept. Appeal for dismissal on writ of *procedendo*. Ordered dismissed with a writ of *procedendo* to the lower court to enforce the judgment therein imposed.

State vs. Isaac Johnson, carrying concealed weapons. Plead guilty; fined \$25.00. *City of Bay St. Louis vs. George Pruteaux.* Plead not guilty; fined \$50.00 and costs.

City of Bay St. Louis vs. Ous Predeux, unlawful possession of intoxicating liquors. Plead not guilty; fined \$50.00 and costs. *City of Bay St. Louis vs. Albert Richardson,* speaking. Plead not guilty; fined \$50.00 and costs.

State vs. Daze Ladner, selling intoxicating liquors. Passed to files. *State vs. Walter Hawthorn,* assault and battery. Sentenced to pay fine of \$25.00 and six months in jail suspended at this term of court. *State vs. Charles Peters,* malicious killing of live stock. Plead not guilty; trial set for next term.

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE HANCOCK COUNTY BANK

RECEIVABLES, PAID AND DEPOSITS, CO. OF HANCOCK COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI, at the close of business September 14th, 1923, made to the Board of Bank Examiners.

RESOURCES.
 Loans and Discounts \$507,031.27
 Overdrafts, unsecured 787.15
 United States Bonds, Certificates of Indebtedness and War Savings Stamps 200.00
 Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc. 92,450.00
 Warrants (State, County and Municipal) 59.57
 Guaranty Fund with State Treasurer 2,000.00
 Banking House and Lot 8,000.00
 Furniture and Fixtures 4,220.00
 Due from other Banks, commercial or reserve funds 52,194.22
 Exchange and Checks for next day's clearings 318.98
 Currency 14,436.00
 Gold Coin 675.00
 Silver Coin, Nickels and Cents 1,448.61
 Suspense 17.34
 Total \$684,131.94

LIABILITIES.
 Capital Stock \$35,000.00
 Surplus Fund 45,000.00
 Dividends, less amount paid for interest, taxes and current expenses 5,197.21
 Individual Deposits subject to check 278,338.33
 Savings Deposits 191,671.44
 Certificates of Deposit 95,688.46
 Branches 15,289.76
 Bills payable 18,000.00
 Total \$684,131.94

I, GEO. R. REA, Cashier, do solemnly swear that the above is a true statement of the financial condition of the Merchants Bank and Trust Co. of Hancock County, Mississippi, at the close of business on the 14th day of September, 1923, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. R. REA, Cashier.
 J. O. MAUFFRAY, Director.
 CHAS. E. MORRIS, Director.
 State of Mississippi, County of Hancock.
 Sworn to and subscribed before me by Geo. R. Rea, Cashier, this 21st day of September, 1923.
 J. A. BREAHE,
 My commission expires Jan. 1, 1924.

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE HANCOCK COUNTY BANK

RESOURCES.
 Loans and Discounts \$905,955.23
 Overdrafts, unsecured 2,251.69
 United States Bonds, Certificates of Indebtedness and War Savings Stamps 118,887.00
 Stocks, Bonds, Securities, etc. 505,910.12
 Warrants (State, County and Municipal) 31.30
 Guaranty Fund with State Treasurer 2,500.00
 Banking House and Lot 21,000.00
 Furniture and Fixtures 9,558.00
 Due from other Banks, commercial or reserve funds 137,011.88
 Exchange and Checks for next day's clearings 1,579.83
 Currency 25,229.00
 Gold Coin 1,062.50
 Silver Coin, Nickels and Cents 1,820.50
 Total \$1,857,297.00

LIABILITIES.
 Capital Stock \$40,000.00
 Surplus Fund 115,000.00
 Dividends, less amount paid for interest, taxes and current expenses 14,501.77
 Individual Deposits subject to check 735,520.13
 Savings Deposits 245,963.33
 Certificates of Deposit 365,078.73
 Certified Checks 200.00
 Cashier's Checks 453.17
 Cash on hand 359,129.57
 Total \$1,857,297.00

I, LEO W. SEAL, Cashier, do solemnly swear that the above is a true statement of the financial condition of the Hancock County Bank, of Bay St. Louis, Miss., at the close of business on the 14th day of September, 1923, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Correct—Attest:
 LEO W. SEAL, Cashier.
 A. B. BURGESS, Director.
 CARTWRIGHT EUSTIS, Director.
 State of Mississippi, County of Hancock.
 Sworn to and subscribed before me by LEO W. SEAL, Cashier, this 22nd day of September, 1923.
 F. C. BORDAGES, SR.,
 My commission expires January 14, 1926.

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE HANCOCK COUNTY BANK

RESOURCES.
 Loans and Discounts \$262.34
 Overdrafts, unsecured 500.00
 Due from other Banks, commercial or reserve funds 174,018.80
 Total \$174,781.14

LIABILITIES.
 Capital Stock \$10,000.00
 Individual Deposits subject to check 75,956.46
 Savings Deposits 75,956.46
 Total \$174,781.14

I, LEO W. SEAL, Cashier, do solemnly swear that the above is a true statement of the financial condition of the Hancock County Bank, of Bay St. Louis, Miss., at the close of business on the 14th day of September, 1923, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Correct—Attest:
 LEO W. SEAL, Cashier.
 A. B. BURGESS, Director.
 CARTWRIGHT EUSTIS, Director.
 State of Mississippi, County of Hancock.
 Sworn to and subscribed before me by LEO W. SEAL, Cashier, this 22nd day of September, 1923.
 F. C. BORDAGES, SR.,
 My commission expires January 14, 1926.

LEGAL NOTICE.
 Notice is hereby given that the contract for publishing the proceedings and legal notices in Logtown, in and about the annual elections for the City of Bay St. Louis, for one year from Saturday, the 2nd day of September, 1923, of the City of Bay St. Louis, will be sold to the best advantage of the City. Bids to be submitted in a sealed envelope, addressed to the City of Bay St. Louis, and to be opened at the City Hall, on Second street in Bay St. Louis, at 10 o'clock on Saturday, the 6th day of October, A. D. 1923. The City reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, this 17th day of September, 1923.
 S. J. LADNER, Secretary.

YES!
 WE HAVE THE GENUINE
 Ford
 BATTERIES
 ONLY \$18.00 NOW.
 EDWARDS, BROS.,
 Bay St. Louis, Miss.

Carbon paper and the best there is in Underwood typewriter ribbons at The Echo office. We can supply your office needs.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALESMAN WANTED.
 Wanted—Salesmen to sell fruits, produce and vegetables to retail grocers, markets, hotels, restaurants and general stores. Main or side line. Commission basis. Cash advance. For particulars, call on Box 385, New Orleans, La. 9-22-23.

FOR SALE.
 One Detroit 1922 car, in A1 condition. Will sell cheap. Phone 204.

FOR RENT.
 Several beach houses, centrally located, to rent for winter months or by the year. Particulars, address Box 71, Bay St. Louis.

FOR SALE.
 Strawberry plants, \$3.00 per 1000, at Bill Morille Farm, Bay-Kill road, 8-22-24.

FOR RENT.
 Furnished or unfurnished cottage; 3 bed rooms, dining room and kitchen; sleeping porch; modern conveniences. No. 128 State street. Apply to Mr. Mattes, next door.

FOR SALE.
 Eight-foot Sident Salesman. Can be seen at Dr. Jensen's office, Main street; \$59.00.

FOR SALE.
 Do you know pine seed are worth money. I will give \$2.00 a pound for yellow pine seed. I will give \$1.50 a pound for loblolly and long leaf pine seed. For particulars, call on Mr. ROLAND WESTON.

FORD SEDANS FOR SALE!
 Two 2-door Ford sedans, in first class mechanical condition; one newly painted; other good as new. Both bargains. Edward Bros.

PEDRO BOUDIN,
 Contractor and Builder.
 House Moving and Wharf Building a Specialty.
 Estimates cheerfully furnished.
 Telephone 58. Bay St. Louis, Miss.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.
 STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF HANCOCK COUNTY.
 For Year 1924, as Provided by Chapter 225, Laws of 1922.

Be it further ordered by the Board that the following statement showing aggregate revenue collected during the current year in said county and expenses be also published in the month of September, which statement is as follows:
 General County \$64,321.79
 Total receipts 332,763.73
 Total disbursements 26,558.06

Balance \$32,263.73
 Road and Bridge Fund—Total receipts \$60,773.43
 Total disbursements 50,385.23

Balance \$10,388.23
 School Fund—Total receipts \$49,199.70
 Total disbursements 35,802.94

Bond Fund—Total receipts \$11,844.90
 Total disbursements 6,240.00

Balance \$5,604.90
 State of Mississippi, County of Hancock.
 I, A. A. Kergosien, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in and for the County and State aforesaid, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the Receipts and Disbursements for Hancock County, for the year 1923, of record in Minute Book K of said Board, all as provided in Chapter 225, Laws 1922.

Given under my hand and seal of office, this 8th day of September, 1923.
 A. A. KERGOSEIN, Clerk.

BUDGET OF EXPENSES, HANCOCK COUNTY.
 For Year 1924, as Provided by Chapter 225, Laws of 1922.
 Treasurer General County \$32,763.73

Balance on hand \$4,911,476.12
 Levy 7 mills 34,380.33
 Levy 1 mill 3,438.03
 Grand total 36,643.06

Disbursements, approximately:
 Assessor's salary \$1,800.00
 Board of Supervisors 3,000.00
 Janitor 600.00
 County Attorney 1,200.00
 Court stenographers 8,000.00
 Donagan King's Daughters' Hospital 500.00
 Civil Welfare Work 2,300.00
 Victrola prisoners 2,000.00
 Sheriff, ex-officio, service 225.00
 J. P. and constables 320.00
 Expenses of court 4,000.00
 Salary of County Agent 2,400.00

Agent 1,500.00
 Stamps 180.00
 Balance on hand 13,996.76
 State appropriation 15,000.00
 Poll tax 1,500.00
 Grand total \$50,249.87

Teachers' Disbursements, approximately:
 Sheriff commissions \$ 675.06
 Skin Consolidated School Teachers 4,300.00
 Transportation 2,800.00
 Sellers Consolidated School Teachers 2,300.00
 Transportation 1,500.00
 Dedeaux Consolidated School Teachers 2,300.00
 Transportation 1,500.00
 Gulfview Consolidated School Teachers 2,335.00
 Logtown School, teachers 3,115.00
 Aaron Academy, teachers 1,120.00
 Flat Top, teachers 1,120.00
 Lee Town, teachers 1,120.00
 Napoleon, teachers 1,000.00
 Kila Camps, teachers 1,000.00
 Genoa School, teachers 855.00
 Cleveland School, teachers 500.00
 Milford School, teachers 400.00
 Anna Line School, teachers 400.00
 Cap Ladner School, teachers 400.00

It is WISE to always be PREPARED

PASS BOOK

Sickness strikes most of us, old age overtakes us all if we live. Saving and banking money prepares us for these things, also for being thrown out of work. Are YOU saving as much money as you should? Answer this question for yourself and come in and deposit some money. We will welcome your account.

MERCHANTS BANK & TRUST COMPANY,
 Bay St. Louis, Mississippi.

AUTUMN BREEZES

are blowing and winter winds will soon take their place. All of which means that—right now is the time to make needed repairs to the house you live in.

YOUR HARDWARE NEEDS

can be attended to at our store. Everything you need to patch up and repair the House, Barn or Garage, the Gate the Fence or Walks.

IF YOU'VE A PAINTING JOB—DON'T PUT IT OFF

Paint prices are not going to be lower, and one more winter will prove more costly than if you did the work NOW, while the weather is fit. We are taking care of the community's needs in Hardware and Paints—We're ready to take the same good care of YOU.

JOS. O. MAUFFRAY,
 BAY ST. LOUIS, MISS.

AT YOUR SERVICE

No need to worry any longer about repairs and accessories AT RIGHT PRICES. And no need to buy them from a mail-order catalogue. We're here to serve you. Just now we can make you mighty attractive prices on—

THE BEST TIRES YOU CAN PUT ON A CAR.
 STORAGE BATTERIES THAT WILL HOLD UP.
 BUMPERS—SINGLE AND DOUBLE BAR.
 Stop-Lights that May Prevent a Run-in.
 Baggage Carriers that Are Fine in Touring.
 Ford Fenders and Windshield Glass.

GIVE US A CHANCE

To prove to you that your home-town can take care of your Auto Wants at prices as low in many cases lower than stores in the city, paying you for your car, on offer the best prices. COME HERE WITH YOUR COMPLAINTS.

PHONE 383. RESIDENCE 379.

ACKER'S GARAGE,
 Bay St. Louis, Miss.

Truck drivers and helpers, gas, oils and repairs	3,000.00	Teachers White Cypress School	400.00
New bridges and repairing of old ones	850.00	Teachers Bayou Terre School	50.00
Bridge tenders and oils	850.00	Teachers Diville School, teachers	50.00
Miscellaneous		Teachers Arlington School, teachers	20.00
Sheriff's commissions		Teachers Bayou Eucents, teachers	200.00
Assessment, approximately	\$4,911,476.12	Teachers Edwardsville School	400.00
Levy, 1-14 mills	6,139.34	Teachers Cameron Special	500.00
Balance on hand	5,604.90	Teachers Pearlinton School	500.00
		Teachers Westonia School	500.00
		Teachers Deed Tiger School	600.00
		Teachers Gainesville School	500.00
		Teachers Pleasant Hill School	500.00
		Teachers Cuevas School, teachers	500.00
		Teachers Catohoula Camp, teachers	500.00
		Total	\$34,275.00
		COLORED.	
		Teachers Logtown School	1,225.00
		Teachers Pearlinton School	1,225.00
		Teachers Jordan River School	1,225.00
		Teachers Gainesville School	1,225.